



Subject						
Topic Title	Twisted Tales	Inspirational Occupations	Best of Leicester	Weird and Wonderful Weather	Marvellous Makers	World Explorers & Animal Whisperers
Science		Human Body Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense.	Plants Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees. Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees.	Seasons changing. Observe changes across the four seasons. Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.	Everyday materials Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made. Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock. Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials. Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties.	Animals, including humans. Identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals. Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores. Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets).
History		The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements, some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods Florence Nightingale Amelia Earheart Mary Seacole	*Significant events, people and places in own locality: • Richard iii * changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life.		Changes within living memory – where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life Events beyond living memory that are significant globally: The 1st aeroplane flight.	
Geography	Geographical Skills and fieldwork		Name, locate and identify characteristics	Identify daily weather patterns in the United		Name and locate the worlds 7 continents
Map Day:	Use aerial photographs		of the 4 countries and	Kingdom		and 5 oceans
Looking at a	and plan perspectives		capital cities of the	Identify seasonal		Use world maps,



variety of different maps, plans and globes. Create own plan of the classroom, including objects. Give directions using compass points	to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features: devise a simple map and use and construct basic symbols in a key. Use simple compass directions (N, S, E, W) and locational and directional language (near, far, left, right etc.) to describe the location of features and routes Beebot app +	Logging on to Seesaw	United Kingdom and its three surrounding seas. Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key human features: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, shop Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment Take a photo (or	weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South poles. Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study geography of their local school and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment. Code.org Course B	Create a poster use	atlases and globes to identify countries, continents and oceans
Computing	understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions create and debug simple programs use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs	using QR code use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content recognise common uses of information technology beyond school	multiple) and record what the photo on seesaw use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content recognise common uses of information technology beyond school	understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions create and debug simple programs use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs	technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content recognise common uses of information technology beyond school	recognise common uses of information technology beyond school use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.



Art	To begin to use drawing to develop their ideas and imagination. Adrienne Segur	To look at an artist's art work and say what they like about it. Monet Poppy Field Impression, Sunrise The Water Lily Pond	To use their experiences to begin to sculpt a Leicester land mark.	To experiment with different mediums/materials creatively to design their own image. John Barrett	Discuss the mediums used by an artist and their impact Adrienne Segur Sara Ogilvie John Tenniel	To describe the differences between an architectural structure and their own creation (e.g. design their own St Bazil's Cathedral). Yakovlev & Barma
DT		Making an aeroplane for Am Create simple designs for a p simple tools to cut, join and o components safely. Use structures exploring how stronger, stiffer and more sta	roduct. Use a range of combine materials and rather they can be made		Fruit Rumblers Use simple tools with hel Talk about what he/she e discuss what healthy food Say where some foods co examples of food that are	ats at home and begin to ds are. Ime from and give
Music	Charanga Hey You! Singing, clapping Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes	Charanga Rhythm in the Way We Walk and Banana Rap Singing Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes	Charanga In The Groove Listen and appraise. Non-tuned instruments Play tuned and untuned instruments musically	Boomwhackers Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the interrelated dimensions of music.	Having fun with Improvisation Boomwhackers Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.	Charanga Reflect Rewind and Replay Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music
PE Throughout Lead healthy, active lives.	Movement Master basic movements including throwing and catching	Team games Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for defending Master basic movements including agility and co- ordination	Dance Perform dances using simple movement patterns.	Movement Master basic movements including running and jumping.	Team games Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for defending. Master basic movements including agility and co- ordination	Sports Day Focus Master basic movements including development of agility and coordination.



RE – Leicestershire RE Syllabus	What do stories from religious traditions teach about God?	How are stories and celebrations linked?	What do creation stories teach about God and human nature? What do people learn			om stories and festivals?	
Behaviour and Safety	The Golden Rules – what are they and what do they mean?	Bullying – what is bullying? How can we stop it?	'Clever Never Goes'	Staying safe – the green cross code and wearing seatbelts.	Healthy living – exercise and eating well	Being a good friend – what is a friend? How do they act?	
PSHE	R6. about how people make friends and what makes a good friendship R7. about how to recognise when they or someone else feels lonely and what to do R8. simple strategies to resolve arguments between friends positively R9. how to ask for help if a friendship is making them feel unhappy R22. about how to treat themselves and others with respect; how to be polite and courteous	H21. to recognise what makes them special H22. to recognise the ways in which we are all unique H23. to identify what they are good at, what they like and dislike L14. that everyone has different strengths	H11. about different feelings that humans can experience H12. how to recognise and name different feelings. H13. how feelings can affect people's bodies and how they behave H14. how to recognise what others might be feeling H15. to recognise that not everyone feels the same at the same time, or feels the same about the same things H20. about change and loss (including death); to identify feelings associated with this; to recognise what helps people to feel better R20. what to do if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or others; who to ask for help and vocabulary to use when asking for	L4. about the different groups they belong to L5. about the different roles and responsibilities people have in their community L6. to recognise the ways they are the same as, and different to, other people H32. ways to keep safe in familiar and unfamiliar environments (e.g. beach, shopping centre, park, swimming pool, on the street) and how to cross the road safely H33. about the people whose job it is to help keep us safe R15. how to respond safely to adults they don't know	H5. simple hygiene routines that can stop germs from spreading H7. about dental care and visiting the dentist; how to brush teeth correctly; food and drink that support dental health H8. how to keep safe in the sun and protect skin from sun damage	L10. what money is; forms that money comes in; that money comes from different sources L11. that people make different choices about how to save and spend money L12. about the difference between needs and wants; that sometimes people may not always be able to have the things they want L13. that money needs to be looked after; different ways of doing this L15. that jobs help people to earn money to pay for things L16. different jobs that people they know or people who work in the community do L17. about some of the strengths and interests	



	help; importance of keeping trying until they are heard		someone might need to do different jobs



Subject						
Topic Title	Captivating Capitals	Terrible Tudors	Food Glorious Food	Magnificent Materials	Into The Woods	Tales From Around The World
Science		Animals, including humans Explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive Notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults Find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air)	Animals, including humans continued Describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene. Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a Simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food.	Uses of Everyday Materials Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching	Plants Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants Find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats	Living Things and their Habitats Identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other.
History	Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally • Great Fire of London	The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements, some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods: Walter Raleigh Francis Drake Elizabeth I				The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements, some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods: Pieter Bruegel the Elder LS Lowry
Geography Map Skills — Look at a map of the school grounds, identify key landmarks, streets etc Create a simple aerial	Name, locate and identify characteristics of the 4 countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its three surrounding seas.			Use basic geographical vocab to refer to key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and		Location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.



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map of the school and	Name, locate and			weather.		
add photographs and a	identify					
key.	characteristics of the			Use basic geographical		
	4 countries and			vocab to refer to key		
Use simple compass	capital cities of the			human features,		
directions (north,	United Kingdom and			including: city, town,		
south, east and west)	its 3 surrounding			village, factory, farm,		
	seas.			house, office, port,		
				harbour and shop.		
	Use aerial					
	photographs and plan			Use aerial photographs		
	perspectives to			and plan perspectives		
	recognise landmarks			to recognise landmarks		
	and basic human and			and basic human and		
	physical features;			physical features;		
	devise a simple map			devise a simple map;		
	and use and construct			and use and construct		
	basic symbols in a			basic symbols in a key		
	key.					
	Understand					
	geographical					
	similarities and					
	differences through					
	studying the human					
	and physical					
	geography of a small					
	area of the United					
	Kingdom, and of a					
	small area in a					
	contrasting non-					
	European country.					
Computing	Lightbot hour of	Seesaw	online safety	Add a picture to	Further online	Code.org course C
	code app and	use technology purposefully to create,	recognise common uses of information	and text boxes to a	safety recognise	understand what algorithms are; how
	A.L.E.X app.	organise, store,	technology beyond	page on Seesaw use	common uses of	they are implemented
		manipulate and retrieve	school	technology purposefully	information	as programs on digital
	understand what	digital content		to create, organise,	technology beyond	devices; and that
	algorithms are; how	recognise common uses	use technology safely	store, manipulate and	school	programs execute by
	they are	of information	and respectfully, keeping	retrieve digital content	use technology	following precise and
	implemented as	technology beyond	personal information	recognise common uses		unambiguous
	programs on digital	school	private; identify where to	of information	safely and	instructions
	programs on digital	SCHOOL	private, identity where to	1		IIISTI UCTIONS



	devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions create and debug simple programs use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs		go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.	technology beyond school	respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.	create and debug simple programs use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs
Art	To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, line, shape and space Claude Oscar Monet – Water Lilies	To experiment with a range of mediums to create a Tudor Rose.	To learn about a range of artists and make links to their own work Giuseppe Arcimboldo.	To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination Vicki Rawlins	To create and show moods through art work by using colour. Van Gogh – Starry Night	to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space Sayed Haider Raza



DT	Make a cart using wheels and axles Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and others based on a design criteria. Choose appropriate tools, equipment, techniques and materials from a wide range. Safely measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components using a range of tools. Investigate different techniques for stiffening a variety of materials and explore different methods of enabling structures to remain stable. Explore and use mechanisms, e.g. levers, sliders, wheels, axles in his/her products. Generate, develop, model and communicate his/her ideas through drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology.		Making Pitta Bread Pizzas Focusing on safe cutting and chopping Use a wider range of cookery techniques to prepare food safely. Understand the need for a variety of food in a diet. Understand that all food has to be farmed, grown or caught. Evaluate and assess existing products and those that he/she has made using design criteria.			
Music	Charanga Hands, Feet, Heart Boomwhackers Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.	Charanga Ho Ho Ho Boomwhackers and Singing Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes	Charanga I Wanna Play in a Band Listen and appraise. Non-tuned instruments Play tuned and untuned instruments musically	Charanga Zootime Glockenspiel Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.	Charanga Recognising different sounds Glockenspiel Play tuned and untuned instruments musically.	Charanga Reflect Rewind and Replay Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music.
PE	Master basic movements including throwing and catching.	Competitive Games Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending	Dance/healthy living Develop balance and co- ordination. Perform dances using simple movement patterns with a partner in the context of plants and growing.	Ball Games Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching	Gymnastics Master basic movements including balance, agility and co- ordination	Sports Day Focus Master basic movements including balance, agility and co- ordination



RE	What are sacred texts?		What do we mean by religion and world views? Christianity and Islam	What do we mean by religion and world views? Judaism and Buddhism	What do we mean by religion and world views? Hinduism and Sikhi	What do we mean by religion and world views? Humanism
Behaviour and Safety	The Golden Rules – what they are and how they help us.	Bullying – what is bullying? Introduce the four main types of bullying	Water safety.	Staying safe – fire safety	Healthy living – eating your 5 a day and maintaining a balanced diet.	Making good choices – different scenarios – what would you do?
PSHE	R1. about the roles different people (e.g. acquaintances, friends and relatives) play in our lives R2. to identify the people who love and care for them and what they do to help them feel cared for R3. about different types of families including those that may be different to their own R4. to identify common features of family life R5. that it is important to tell someone (such as their teacher) if something about their family makes them unhappy or worried R21. about what is kind and unkind behaviour, and how	L1. about what rules are, why they are needed, and why different rules are needed for different situations L2. how people and other living things have different needs; about the responsibilities of caring for them L3. about things they can do to help look after their environment L14. that everyone has different strengths L16. different jobs that people they know or people who work in the community do	H16. about ways of sharing feelings; a range of words to describe feelings H17. about things that help people feel good (e.g. playing outside, doing things they enjoy, spending time with family, getting enough sleep) H18. different things they can do to manage big feelings, to help calm themselves down and/or change their mood when they don't feel good H19. to recognise when they need help with feelings; that it is important to ask for help with feelings; and how to ask for it H20. about change and loss (including death); to identify feelings associated with this; to recognise what helps people to feel better	H28. about rules and age restrictions that keep us safe H29. to recognise risk in simple everyday situations and what action to take to minimise harm H30. about how to keep safe at home (including around electrical appliances) and fire safety (e.g. not playing with matches and lighters) H31. that household products (including medicines) can be harmful if not used correctly H37. about things that people can put into their body or on their skin; how these can affect how people feel	H1. about what keeping healthy means; different ways to keep healthy H2. about foods that support good health and the risks of eating too much sugar H3. about how physical activity helps us to stay healthy; and ways to be physically active everyday H4. about why sleep is important and different ways to rest and relax H5. simple hygiene routines that can stop germs from spreading H6. those medicines (including vaccinations and immunisations and those that support allergic reactions) can help people to stay	H25. to name the main parts of the body including external genitalia (e.g. vulva, vagina, penis, testicles) H26. about growing and changing from young to old and how people's needs change H27. about preparing to move to a new class/year group



this can affect others	R13. to recognise that	healthy
tins can arrest others	some things are private	Treatery
R22. about how to	and the importance of	H8. how to keep safe
treat themselves and	respecting privacy; that	in the sun and protect
others with respect;	parts of their body	skin from sun damage
how to be polite and	covered by underwear	Skiii ii oiii saii aamage
courteous	are private	H9. about different
Courteous	are private	ways to learn and play;
R23. to recognise the	R16. about how to	recognising the
ways in which they	respond if physical	importance of
are the same and	contact makes them feel	knowing when to take
different to others	uncomfortable or unsafe	a break from time
different to others	disconnoctable of dissale	online or TV
R24. how to listen to	R17. about knowing	Offilite of 1V
other people and play	there are situations	H10. about the people
and work	when they should ask for	who help us to stay
cooperatively	permission and also	physically healthy
Cooperatively	when their permission	priysically recutify
R25. how to talk	should be sought	
about and share their	Siloulu de sougrit	
opinions on things	R18. about the	
that matter to them	importance of not	
that matter to them	keeping adults' secrets	
H24. how to manage	(only happy surprises	
when finding things	that others will find out	
difficult	about eventually)	
3	about eventually)	
	R19. basic techniques for	
	resisting pressure to do	
	something they don't	
	want to do and which	
	may make them unsafe	
	R20. what to do if they	
	feel unsafe or worried for	
	themselves or others;	
	who to ask for help and	
	vocabulary to use when	
	asking for help;	
	importance of keeping	
	trying until they are	
	heard.	
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Subject						
Topic Title	Kapow	Smashing Saxons	Rock n' Roll	Rockin' Romans	Awesome Oceans	Harry Potter
	Forces and Magnets Compare how things move on different surfaces. Notice that some forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance Observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not others. Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the	Smashing Saxons	Rock n' Roll Rocks Compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties. Describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock. Recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter.	Rockin' Romans	Awesome Oceans Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement. Animals Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat.	Plants Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants Explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination,
	magnetic materials. Describe magnets as having two					
	poles. Predict whether two magnets will attract or repel					
	each other, depending on which poles are facing.					



	Light					
	Recognise that					
	they need light in					
	order to see things					
	and that dark is the					
	absence of light.					
	Notice that light is					
	reflected from					
	surfaces.					
	Recognise that					
	light from the sun					
	can be dangerous					
	and that there are					
	ways to protect					
	their eyes.					
	Recognise that					
	shadows are					
	formed when the					
	light from a light					
	source is blocked					
	by a solid object.					
	Find patterns in					
	the way that the					
	size of shadows					
	change.					
History	0	Britain's		The Roman Empire and		
		settlement by		its impact on Britain.		
		Anglo-Saxons and				
		Scots				
Geography		Name and locate	To describe and		Use maps, globes,	
2208146117		geographical	understand physical		atlases, digital/computer	
Map Skills –		regions and	geography, including		mapping to locate	
Discuss the difference		identify human and	mountains,		countries and describe	
between Great Britain,		physical characters	earthquakes and		features studied in the	
UK and British Isles.		such as land-use	volcanoes.		context of the origins of	
Explain what a capital		patterns.			settlements.	
city is. Locate and label		paccerno	Using maps to focus on		Josti Gillion Gil	
countries and capital		Begin to	North and South		Use the 4 points of a	
cities on a map.		understand how	America, concentrating		compass to build their	
order of a map.		some of these have	on key physical		knowledge of the United	
Use the 8 points on a		changed over time.	characteristics.		Kingdom and the wider	
compass.		J. Milged Over tille.	331400011301031		world.	
Compass.		Use maps, globes,	Describe and		Identify the position and	
L	l	ose maps, giodes,	Describe and		racitally tric position and	



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		atlases, digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied in the context of the origins of settlements. Describe and understand key aspects of human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water in the context of comparing land use in different settlements.	understand key aspects of human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water in the context of comparing land use in different settlements.		significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern/Southern hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circles. Name and locate countries and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (coasts) and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time. Use fieldwork to observe measure, record and present the features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans & graphs and digital technologies.	
Computing	Code.org Course D design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them	Scratch JR app design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts	Puppet pals select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing,	search engines select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and	online safety understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected	Beebot design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts use sequence, selection, and



	into smaller parts	use sequence,	evaluating and	presenting data and	and ranked, and be	repetition in
	use sequence,	selection, and	presenting data and	information	discerning in evaluating	programs; work with
	selection, and	repetition in	information	use search	digital content	variables and various
	repetition in	programs; work	use search	technologies	select, use and combine	forms of input and
	programs; work	with variables	technologies	effectively, appreciate	a variety of software	output
	with variables and	and various	effectively,	how results are	(including internet	use logical reasoning
	various forms of	forms of input	appreciate how	selected and ranked,	services) on a range of	to explain how some
	input and output	and output	results are selected	and be discerning in	digital devices to design	simple algorithms
	use logical	use logical	and ranked, and be	evaluating digital	and create a range of	work and to detect
	reasoning to	reasoning to	discerning in	content	programs, systems and	and correct errors in
	explain how	explain how	evaluating digital		content that accomplish	algorithms and
	some simple	some simple	content		given goals, including	programs
	algorithms work	algorithms work			collecting, analysing,	
	and to detect	and to detect			evaluating and	
	and correct	and correct			presenting data and	
	errors in	errors in			information	
	algorithms and	algorithms and			use technology safely,	
	programs	programs			respectfully and	
					responsibly; recognise	
					acceptable/unaccepta	
					ble behaviour; identify	
					a range of ways to	
					report concerns about	
Art	To use sketch	To improve	Beatriz Milhazes	To improve their	content and contact. Underwater pictures	To use sketch books to
Ait	books to create	mastery of art and	Deati iz iviiiiazes	mastery of art	using water colours.	sketch ideas for a
	comic strips using	design using	to improve their	techniques using pastels	using water colours.	picture related to Harry
	pencil.	sculpting	mastery of art and	based on 'Vesuvius' by	Winslow Homer –	Potter (castle, character
	perien.	techniques.	design techniques,	Andy Warhol.	Gloucester Harbour	etc.) Build up to a final
	To review and	teerinques.	including drawing,	, and trainen		piece of art work using
	revisit sketch	Look at the	painting and	Volcano pictures using		pencils/crayons/chalk
	books to create	sculpture of 'The		pastels.		etc.
	their comic strip on	Thinking Man' with	sculpture with a range	pasters		Jim Kay
	a computer.	the idea of creating	of materials [for	Andy Warhol Vesuvius		
		their own	example, pencil,	,		
	Comic strips – use	sculpture of a	charcoal, paint, clay]			
	of computing to	Saxon man,				
	create art.	considering what	Mosaic and collage			
		they might be				
	Chris Sprouse -	feeling.				
	Design their own					
	superhero -					
	costumes and					
	drafts	Auguste Rodin				



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DT	Making a bat cave Use knowledge of existing products to design his/her own functional product. Create designs				Making fish cakes Use a wider variety of ingredients and techniques to prepare and combine ingredients safely. Investigate and analyse existing	Understand how mechanical systems such as levers and linkages or pneumatic systems create movement.
	using annotated sketches, cross-sectional diagrams and simple computer programmes. Make suitable choices from a				products and those he/she has made, considering a wide range of factors. Talk about the different food groups and name food from each group. Understand that food	
	wider range of tools and unfamiliar materials to plan out the main stages of using them. Safely				has to be grown, farmed or caught in Europe and the wider world.	
	measure, make out, cut, assemble and join with some accuracy. Strengthen frames using diagonal struts.					
	Understa nd how mechanical systems such as levers and linkages or pneumatic systems create movement.					
Music	Charanga Glockenspiel 1	Writing Down Music improvise and	Charanga Three Little Birds	Charanga The Dragon Song	Charanga Glockenspiel 2	Charanga Bringing Us Together



	Glockenspiel use and understand staff and other musical notations	compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music ☐ listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory	Glockenspiel both parts I listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory	listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory use and understand staff and other musical notations	Glockenspiel use and understand staff and other musical notations	Listen and Appraise Glockenspiel Ilisten with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory
Languages-French	Core Vocabulary (days. Months, numbers) Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding.	Fruit Write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly.	I know how Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures.	I'm Learning French Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words. Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language.	Little Red Riding Hood Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language.	Musical Instruments Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help.
PE	Football throwing and catching in insolation and in combination. play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their	Dance	Gymnastics Jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best	Dodgeball use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending defending develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance	Athletics compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance	Tri Golf (bat & ball skills) play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance



	personal best					
RE – Leicestershire RE Syllabus	How do people express their beliefs through worship and caring for others? Christianity & Islam	How do people express their beliefs through worship and caring for others?	What do we mean by religious and spiritual experiences?		Religious Stories	Creation
Behaviour and Safety	Demonstrating & following the school rules – why do we need to follow rules?	Bullying – types of bullying and features of each.	Road Safety – green cross code, car safety and cycling safety	'Clever Never Goes'	Stereotypes and Prejudices	Making good choices – what are the consequences of our actions?
PSHE	L2. to recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone L3. about the relationship between rights and responsibilities L5. ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the environment in school and at home; how everyday choices can affect the environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, recycling; food	H17. to recognise that feelings can change over time and range in intensity H19. a varied vocabulary to use when talking about feelings; about how to express feelings in different ways; H20. strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings; how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and	R28. how to recognise pressure from others to do something unsafe or that makes them feel uncomfortable and strategies for managing this H38. how to predict, assess and manage risk in different situations H39. about hazards (including fire risks) that may cause harm, injury or risk in the home and what they can do to reduce risks and keep) H41. strategies for keeping safe in the local environment or	H1. how to make informed decisions about health H2. about the elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle H3. about choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these H6. about what constitutes a healthy diet; how to plan healthy meals; benefits to health and wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich foods; risks associated with not eating a healthy diet	R1. to recognise that there are different types of relationships (e.g. friendships, family relationships, romantic relationships, online relationships) R6. that a feature of positive family life is caring relationships; about the different ways in which people care for one another R8. to recognise other shared characteristics of healthy family life, including commitment, care, spending time together; being there for each other in times of difficulty	H23. about change and loss, including death, and how these can affect feelings; ways of expressing and managing grief and bereavement H25. about personal identity; what contributes to who we are (e.g. ethnicity, family, gender, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes) H27. to recognise their individuality and personal qualities H28. to identify personal strengths, skills, achievements and



choices)	different situations	water, road) and	tooth decay.	R9. how to recognise if	contribute to a sense of
		firework safety; safe	,	family relationships are	self-worth
H35. about the	H21. to recognise	use of digital devices	H7. how regular	making them feel	
new opportunities	warning signs	when out and about	(daily/weekly) exercise	unhappy or unsafe, and	H29. about how to
and responsibilities	about mental		benefits mental and	how to seek help or	manage
that increasing	health and		physical health (e.g.	advice .	setbacks/perceived
independence may	wellbeing and how		walking or cycling to		failures, including how
bring	to seek support for		school, daily active	R10. about the	to re-frame unhelpful
	themselves and		mile); recognise	importance of	thinking
	others		opportunities to be	friendships; strategies	-
			physically active and	for building positive	H36. strategies to
	R27. about keeping		some of the risks	friendships; how	manage transitions
	something		associated with an	positive friendships	between classes and key
	confidential or		inactive lifestyle	support wellbeing	stages
	secret, when this		•		
	should (e.g. a		H11. how to maintain	R11. what constitutes a	
	birthday surprise		good oral hygiene	positive healthy	
	that others will		(including correct	friendship (e.g. mutual	
	find out about) or		brushing and flossing);	respect, trust,	
	should not be		why regular visits to the	truthfulness, loyalty,	
	agreed to, and		dentist are essential; the	kindness, generosity,	
	when it is right to		impact of lifestyle	sharing interests and	
	break a confidence		choices on dental care	experiences, support	
	or share a secret		(e.g. sugar	with problems and	
			consumption/acidic	difficulties); that the	
	R31. to recognise		drinks such as fruit	same principles apply to	
	the importance of		juices, smoothies and	online friendships as to	
	self-respect and		fruit teas; the effects of	face-to-face	
	how this can affect		smoking)	relationships	
	their thoughts and				
	feelings about		H14. how and when to	R13. the importance of	
	themselves; that		seek support, including	seeking support if	
	everyone,		which adults to speak to	feeling lonely or	
	including them,		in and outside school, if	excluded	
	should expect to		they are worried about	DO. 1	
	be treated politely		their health	R31. to	
	and with respect			recognise the	
	by others			importance of self-	
	(including when			respect and how this can	
	online and/or			affect their thoughts and	
	anonymous) in			feelings about	
	school and in wider			themselves; that	
	society; strategies			everyone, including	
	to improve or			them, should expect to	
	support courteous,			be treated politely and	



respectful	with respect by others
relationship	(including when online
	and/or anonymous) in
	school and in wider
	society; strategies to
	improve or support
	courteous, respectful
	relationships



Year Four

Subject						
Topic Title	Willy Wonka's Wonderful World of Chocolate	Rockin' Rainforest	Rotten Romans	Shocking Mysteries	Groovy Greeks	Adventures Around Europe
Science	according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases Observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C) Identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature.	things can be grouped in a variety of ways Explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment Recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers		Construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its	Animals, including humans Describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans Identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions	Sound Identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating Recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear Find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it Find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it Recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases
History	A non-European society that provides contrasts with British history - Mayan civilization.		The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain.		Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world.	
Geography Map Skills - Look at different types of maps – highlight that maps have		To use maps, atlases,	Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of			To use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied in



a range of purposes and		to locate countries and	Russia)			the context of European
different human and		describe features studied	concentrating on			countries.
physical features.		in the context of	their environmental			To understand
Explain what an		rainforests.	regions, key physical			geographical similarities
Ordnance Survey (OS)		Describe and understand	and human			and differences through
map is. Begin by		key aspects of vegetation	characteristics,			the study of physical
focussing on four-figure,		Locate the world's	countries, and major			geography of a region of
then move on to six for		countries – focusing on	cities.			the United Kingdom, a
those who are ready.		South America.	Use maps, globes,			region in a European
Communicate		Understand geographical	atlases,			country in the context of
geographical information		similarities and differences	digital/computer			comparing landscapes and
in a variety of ways,			mapping to locate			climates.
including through maps.		human and physical	countries and			To understand
Use the eight points of a			describe features			geographical similarities
compass, four and six-		rainforest.	studied in the			and differences through
figure grid references,		independent research into	context of the origins			the study of human
symbols and key to build		the Amazon rainforest and				geography of a region of
their knowledge of the		Awa tribe.	Whilst studying			the United Kingdom, a
United Kingdom.		To describe and	history, types of			region in a European
		understand key aspects of				country in the context of
		human geography,	use, economic			comparing towns.
		including: types of	activity including			Understand geographical
		settlement and land use,	trade links, and the			similarities and differences
		economic activity	distribution of			through the study of
		including trade links, and	natural resources			human and physical
		the distribution of natural	including energy,			geography of a region of
		resources including	food, minerals and			the UK, European country
		energy, food, minerals and	water.			and a region within North
		water in the context of				America.
		rainforest conservation.				
Computing	online safety understand	Code.org Course E	two different	Scratch conversation	Greek monuments /	Create presentation
	computer networks	S	search engines	design, write and debug	statues and light	select, use and combine a
	including the internet; how	design, write and debug		programs that accomplish		variety of software
	they can provide multiple	programs that accomplish	00.000, 000 0	specific goals, including	them up with the	(including internet
	services, such as the world	specific goals, including	combine a variety	controlling or simulating	Micro:bit design, write	services) on a range of
	wide web; and the	controlling or simulating	OI JOICHAIC	physical systems; solve	and debug programs that	digital devices to design
	opportunities they offer for	physical systems; solve		problems by decomposing	accomplish specific goals,	and create a range of
	communication and	problems by decomposing	range of digital	them into smaller parts	including controlling or	programs, systems and
	collaboration	them into smaller parts	devices to design	use sequence, selection,	simulating physical	content that accomplish
	use search technologies	use sequence, selection,		and repetition in	systems; solve problems	given goals, including
	effectively, appreciate how	and repetition in	of programs,	programs; work with	by decomposing them	collecting, analysing,
	results are selected and	programs; work with	systems and	variables and various	into smaller parts	evaluating and
	ranked, and be discerning in	variables and various	content that	forms of input and output	use sequence, selection,	presenting data and
	evaluating digital content	forms of input and output	content that	use logical reasoning to	and repetition in	information
	evaluating digital content	frorms of input and output		use logical reasoning to	·	IIIIOIIIIatiOII



Art	to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact. To improve their mastery of	programs To use overlapping skills	accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content	explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs To use photography or video to create a piece of	programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs To recognise and compare architectural works in	use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content To research artists around
	sculpture by using a range of materials. To compare my work with my peers'.	to improve mastery of art techniques. To become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques (Collage pictures of animals) Megan Coyle.	mastery of art techniques using pastels based on 'Vesuvius' by Andy Warhol. Volcano pictures using pastels. Andy Warhol Vesuvius	video to create a piece of art work based on the illustrations from Harris Burdick. Illustrator Chris Van Allsburg Recreate scenes of Harris Burdick focussing on light	architectural works in history. Famous Greek architects in history Phidias – Statue of Zeus and the Parthenon - Athena Parthenos	Eastern Europe and identify one to create a piece of artwork. (Kandinsky, Olbinski, Prymachenko and Mucha) NC: To know about great artists, craft makers and designers, and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms To produce an independent piece of artwork based on the style of your (Artist selection Kandinsky, Olbinski, Prymachenko and Mucha)
DT		Making a raft house for a rainforest Use knowledge of existing products to design a functional and appealing product for a particular			Use knowledge of existing profunctional and appealing propurpose and audience. Consand his/her own finished profund how well they meet the Understand what makes a hand that different foods and	roducts to design a oduct for a particular sider how existing products oducts might be improved needs of the intended user. ealthy and balanced diet



		purpose and audience. Alastair Humphreys- Blogger Create designs using exploded diagrams. Use techniques which require more accuracy to cut, shape, join and finish his/her work e.g. cutting internal shapes, slots into frameworks. Apply techniques he/she has learnt to strengthen structures and explore his/her own ideas.			substances the body needs to Understand seasonality and seasonal and locally produce recipes which involve severatechniques. Making an Omelette	the advantages of eating ed food. Read and follow
Music	Charanga Mamma Mia	Compose with Friends Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression. Use and understand staff and other musical notations.	Charanga — Djembe drum instrument lessons Djembe drums listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory develop an understanding of the history of music. Use and understand musical notations.	Glockenspiel medium	Dragon beats Yu Studio Composing with music technology	Charanga- Djembe drum instrument lessons Djembe drums play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression
Languages-French	pronunciation and intonation so that others understand	My Family Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling,		spoken language and	At the café Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures.	In class write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly.



RALLAW	or using familiar words and phrases.	sound and meaning of words.	and simple writing.			
PE	Cricket use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance	throwing and catching in isolation and in combination play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and	Gymnastics compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best. develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics]	Swimming Dance perform dances using a range of movement patterns develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best	balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics]	modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending develop flexibility,
RE	What does Pilgrimage mean to individuals and communities Christianity & Judaism	What does Pilgrimage mean to individuals and communities Islam & Hinduism		Worldview communities	Philosophy	
Behaviour and Safety	Following the rules – when and how do we follow rules outside of school?		Discrimination	Electrical safety	Identity	Resolving Conflict
PSHE	laws L6. about the different groups that make up their community; what living in a community means L7. to value the different	seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded R14. that healthy friendships make people feel included; recognise	H15. that mental health, just like physical health, is part of daily life; the importance of taking care of mental health H16. about strategies and behaviours that support mental health — including how good quality	between rights and responsibilities	habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle H5. about what good physical health means; how to recognise early signs of physical illness H9. that bacteria and viruses can affect health;	L9. about stereotypes; how they can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others; strategies for challenging stereotypes L10. about prejudice; how to recognise behaviours/actions which discriminate against others; ways of responding to it if witnessed or experienced



H41. strategies for keeping	strategies for how to	sleep, physical	it means; the benefits of	spread of infection; the	L25. to recognise positive
safe in the local environment	include them	exercise/time	living in a diverse	1 *	things about themselves
or unfamiliar places (rail,		outdoors, being	_		and their achievements; set
water, road) and firework	R16. how friendships can	involved in	diversity within	I	goals to help achieve
safety; safe use of digital	change over time, about	community groups,	communities		personal outcomes
devices when out and about	making new friends and	doing things for			
	the benefits of having	others, clubs, and			L27. about stereotypes in
	different types of friends	activities, hobbies			the workplace and that a
		and spending time			person's career aspirations
	R18. to recognise if a	with family and			should not be limited by
	friendship (online or	friends can support		some diseases can be	them
	offline) is making them	mental health and		prevented by vaccinations	
	feel unsafe or	wellbeing		I	H27. to recognise their
	uncomfortable; how to			allergies can be managed	individuality and personal
	manage this and ask for	H20. strategies to			qualities
	support if necessary	respond to feelings,		H12. about the benefits of	
		including intense or		'	H28. to identify personal
	R28. how to recognise	conflicting feelings;		overexposure; how to keep	_
	pressure from others to do				achievements and interests
	something unsafe or that	respond to feelings		sun/heat stroke and reduce	
	makes them feel	appropriately and		the risk of skin cancer	to a sense of self-worth
	uncomfortable and	proportionately in			
	strategies for managing	different situations			H36. strategies to manage
	this			,	transitions between classes
		H21. to recognise		·	and key stages
	R29. where to get advice	warning signs about		time online with other	
	and report concerns if	mental health and		activities; strategies for	
	worried about their own	wellbeing and how		managing time online	
	or someone else's	to seek support for		H14. how and when to seek	
	personal safety (including	themselves and		support, including which	
	online)	others		adults to speak to in and	
				outside school, if they are	
		H30. to identify the		worried about their health	
		external genitalia		Worried about their fleatth	
		and internal			
		reproductive organs			
		in males and females		H40. about the importance	
		and how the process		of taking medicines	
		of puberty relates to		correctly and using	
		human reproduction		household products safely,	
		H31. about the		(e.g. following instructions	
		physical and		carefully)	
		i '		. ,,	
		emotional changes			



		that happen when		
		approaching and		
		during puberty		
		(including		
		menstruation, key		
		facts about the		
		menstrual cycle and		
		menstrual wellbeing,		
		erections and wet		
		dreams)		
		H32. about how		
		hygiene routines		
		change during the		
		time of puberty, the		
		importance of		
		keeping clean and		
		how to maintain		
		personal hygiene		



Subject						
Topic Title	Invaders and Traders	Narnia	Wonders of the Universe	Ancient Egypt	Human Body	Innovative Inventions
Science		Living Things and their habitats Describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals.	Earth and Space Describe the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in the solar system Describe the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth Describe the Sun, Earth and Moon as approximately spherical bodies Use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky.	Properties and changes of materials Compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution, and describe how to recover a substance from a solution use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic	Animals, including humans Identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood Recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function Describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans.	Forces Explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object Identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction, that act between moving surfaces Recognise that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect.



dissolving, mixing an		
changes of state are		
reversible changes		
② explain that some		
changes result in the		
formation of new		
materials, and that		
this kind		
of change is not		
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	Identify the nosition and	
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usually reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda. The achievements of the earliest civilizations – an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of Ancient Egypt Describe and understand physical geography, including rivers. Northern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude To use maps, atlases and globes to locate countries in the context of using coordinates to find locations. Identify the position and significance of the Prime/Greenwich Meridian by exploring countries on the Meridian including sketch	significance of Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude To use maps, atlases and globes to locate countrie in the context of using co ordinates to find locations. Identify the position and significance of the Prime/Greenwich Meridian by exploring	



the environment. features in the local Line. maps, plans, graphs Identify the position and and digital Geographical skills area using a range of and fieldwork: methods, including significance of time zones technologies. interpret a range of sketch maps, plans, (including day and night) sources of graphs and digital by comparing times in geographical technologies. different countries. information, Understand geographical similarities including maps and aerial photographs. and differences through Use the eight the study of the points of a geography of the compass, four and United Kingdom and a six-figure grid region in a European references, country. symbols and map Use maps, globes, keys) to build atlases, knowledge of the digital/computer United Kingdom mapping to locate and the wider countries and describe world. features studied in the context of the origins of settlements. human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water. Name and locate countries and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and identifying human and physical characteristics. Understand how topographical features and land-use patterns have changed over time.



Computing online safety understand computer networks including the internet; how they ca provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities the offer for communication and collaboration use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital device to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information use technology safely respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unaccepta e behaviour; identify a	programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs	importance of choosing an age-appropriate website or game; evaluate digital content to see if it is suitable	Ancient Egypt Scratch mummy design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs	Numbers App on iPads or excel on laptops. select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content	form using the Google forms select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content
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	range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.					
Art	To express emotion in art by creating mood and feeling. N.C: To know how art and design both reflect and shape our history, and contribute to the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation (mixing colours to create a complex picture of emotions, can certain parts of the picture show different emotions, can the picture tell a story using colour?) Link to Vikings (voyages, longboats, battles etc) Medium – paint use mixing of paint to explore colour moods. Use layering techniques to create a dynamic piece of art. Cassie Stephans	To research and select a Ron McCombe image, justifying why you have selected that image to sketch. To organise, line, tone, shape and colour to represent figures and forms when sketching a Ron McCombe image. To evaluate the work produced. Looking at animals in their natural habitat. Using photography to link with Computing and sketching their photos.	To experiment and develop an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design. To explore how shadows can be used to create space photography. Chesley Bonestell	Imhotep to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay] clay sculptures	To improve their mastery of art by developing their shape, line and form techniques. To create an in depth self-portrait in the style of abstract In the style of Picasso's faces.	To explore different printing techniques. To create and use different printing techniques. To be able to create a printing technique and use it to create an effective piece of artwork. Elizabeth Murray
DT		Making a Witch's Sledge Produce step by step plans to guide his/her making, demonstrating, that he/she can apply his/her knowledge of different materials,			Making Bread Understand the main food groups and the different nutrients that are important for health. Understand how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared,	Making Robots Understand how to use more complex mechanical and electrical systems.



		tools and techniques. Create prototypes to show his/her ideas. Make careful and precise measurements so that joins, holes and openings are in exactly the right place. Build more complex 3D structures and apply his/her knowledge of strengthening techniques to make them stronger or more stable.			caught and processed to make them safe and palatable/tasty to eat. Select appropriate ingredients and use a wide range of techniques to combine them. Use his/her research into existing products and his/her market research to inform the design of his/her innovative product.	
Music	Charanga Livin on a Prayer Recorder appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians Isten with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory	Enjoying Musical Styles ② develop an understanding of the history of music. ② listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians	Charanga Make you Feel My Love Recorder Iplay and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music	Charanga The Fresh Prince of Bel-Air Recorder play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the interrelated dimensions of music	Charanga Dancing in the Street Recorder Is use and understand staff and other musical notations Is listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians	Hip Hop Yu Studios Musical composition with music technology
Languages-French	Vikings Describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing	As-tu un animal? (Have you got a pet?) Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and	Quelle est la date? Write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly.	Les vetements (Clothes) Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new	Les Habitats (Habitats) Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand	Quel Temps Fait-il? (Weather) Describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing. Listen attentively to



		respond to those of		words that are	when they are	spoken language and
		others; seek		introduced into	reading aloud or	show
		clarification and help.		familiar written	using familiar words	understanding by joining
				material, including	and phrases.	in and responding.
				through using a		
				dictionary.		
PE	Swimming			Basketball (throwing	Athletics	Rounders
	Handball (throwing and	Hockey (invasion)	Gymnastics	and catching)	use running, jumping,	use running, jumping,
	catching)	use running, jumping,	perform dances using a	use running, jumping,	throwing and	throwing and catching in
	use running, jumping,	throwing and catching	range of movement	throwing and	catching	isolation and in
	throwing and catching	in isolation and in	patterns	catching in isolation	develop flexibility,	combination
	in isolation and in	combination	develop flexibility,	and in combination	strength, technique,	play competitive games,
	combination	play competitive	strength, technique,	play competitive	control and balance	modified where
	play competitive	games, modified where	control and balance	games, modified	compare their	appropriate, and apply
	games, modified where	appropriate, and apply	compare their	where appropriate	performances with	basic principles suitable
	appropriate, and apply	basic principles suitable	performances with	and apply basic	previous ones and	for attacking and
	basic principles suitable	for attacking and	previous ones and	principles suitable for	demonstrate	defending
	for attacking and	defending	demonstrate	attacking and	improvement to	develop flexibility,
	defending	develop flexibility,	improvement to achieve	defending	achieve their personal	strength, technique,
	develop flexibility,	strength, technique,	their personal best	develop flexibility,	best	control and balance
	strength, technique,	control and balance		strength, technique,		
	control and balance			control and balance		
RE	How do people welcome	new life into the world?	How do people celebrate m	arriage?	What do people believe	about the afterlife?
	Christianity, Judaism & Hi		Christianity, Judaism & Hind	duism	Christianity, Judaism &	Hinduism
	Islam, Sikhism & Humanis	m	Islam, Sikhism & Humanism	1	Islam, Sikhism & Humar	nism
Behaviour and	Why is it important to	Bullying – Emotions	Alternative Perspectives	Respect and	Peer Mediation	Child Criminal
Safety	follow the rules?	of those bullying,	/c	Dealing with Conflict	Training	Exploitation – what is
		being bullied and				crime? How do children
		bystanders. What is the				end up involved in crime?
		impact of bullying?				
PSHE	L17. about the different	H8. about how sleep	R12. to recognise what it	R1. to recognise that	H37. reasons for	H31. about the physical
	ways to pay for things	contributes to a healthy	means to 'know someone	there are different	following and	and emotional changes
	and the choices people	lifestyle; routines that	online' and how this	types of relationships	complying with	that happen when
	have about this	support good quality	differs from knowing	(e.g. friendships,	regulations and	approaching and during
		sleep; the effects of	someone face-to-face;	family relationships,	restrictions (including	puberty (including
	L18. to recognise that	lack of sleep on the	risks of communicating	romantic	age restrictions); how	menstruation, key facts
	people have different	body, feelings,	online with others not	relationships, online	they promote	about the menstrual cycle
	attitudes towards	behaviour and ability to	known face-to-face	relationships)	personal safety and	and menstrual wellbeing,
	saving and spending	learn		, ,	wellbeing with	erections and wet
I .	money; what influences	İ	R31. to recognise the	i e	-	



 					
people's decisions;	H13. about the benefits	importance of self-	of seeking support if	media, television	dreams)
what makes something	of the internet; the	respect and how this can	feeling lonely or	programmes, films,	1124
'good value for money	importance of	affect their thoughts and	excluded	games and online	H34. about where to get
124 1:55	balancing time online	feelings about	D45	gaming	more information, help
L21. different ways to	with other activities;	themselves; that	R15. strategies for		and advice about growing
keep track of money	strategies for managing	everyone, including them,	recognising and	H38. how to predict,	and changing, especially
122 about violes	time online	should expect to be	managing peer	assess and manage	about puberty
L22. about risks		treated politely and with	influence and a desire	risk in different	IIAE that famala assital
associated with money	H16. about strategies	respect by others	for peer approval in	situations	H45. that female genital
(e.g. money can be	and behaviours that	(including when online	friendships; to	1144	mutilation (FGM) is
won, lost or stolen) and	support mental health	and/or anonymous) in	recognise the effect	H41. strategies for	against British law, what
ways of keeping money	— including how good	school and in wider	of online actions on	keeping safe in the	to do and whom to tell if
safe	quality sleep, physical	society; strategies to	others	local environment or	they think they or
L24. to identify the	exercise/time outdoors,	improve or support	DAZ aleas fotan dalatea	unfamiliar places (rail,	someone they know
ways that money can	being involved in	courteous, respectful	R17. that friendships	water, road) and	might be at risk ³
impact on people's	community groups,	relationships	have ups and downs;	firework safety; safe	R3. about marriage and
feelings and emotions	doing things for others,		strategies to resolve	use of digital devices	civil partnership as a legal
reenings and emotions	clubs, and activities,	L13. about some of the	disputes and	when out and about	declaration of
	hobbies and spending	different ways	reconcile differences	H42. about the	commitment made by
	time with family and	information and data is	positively and safely	importance of	two adults who love and
	friends can support	shared and used online,	D20 how to recognice	•	care for each other,
	mental health and	including for commercial	R28. how to recognise pressure from others	keeping personal information private;	which is intended to be
	wellbeing	purposes	•	•	
	1120	144 about bour	to do something	strategies for keeping	lifelong
	H20. strategies to	L14. about how	unsafe or that makes them feel	safe online, including	R4. that forcing anyone to
	respond to feelings,	information on the	uncomfortable and	how to manage	marry against their will is
	including intense or	internet is ranked,		requests for personal	a crime; that help and
	conflicting feelings;	selected and targeted at	strategies for	information or images of themselves and	support is available to
	how to manage and	specific individuals and	managing this	of themselves and others; what to do if	people who are worried
	respond to feelings	groups; that connected	R31. to recognise the	,	about this for themselves
	appropriately and	devices can share	importance of self-	frightened or worried	or others
	proportionately in	information	respect and how this	by something seen or read online and how	of others
	different situations	115 management things	can affect their		R5. that people who love
	1131 to rose ==:==	L15. recognise things	thoughts and feelings	to report concerns,	and care for each other
	H21. to recognise	appropriate to share and	about themselves;	inappropriate content	can be in a committed
	warning signs about	things that should not be	·	and contact	relationship (e.g.
	mental health and	shared on social media;	that everyone,		marriage), living together,
	wellbeing and how to	rules surrounding	including them,		but may also live apart
	seek support for	distribution of images	should expect to be		but may also live apart
	themselves and others		treated politely and		R26. about seeking and
	1133 to recognise that		with respect by		giving permission
	H22. to recognise that		others (including		(consent) in different
	anyone can experience		when online and/or		situations
	mental ill health; that		anonymous) in school		SituatiO113
	most difficulties can be		and in wider society;		



	resolved with help and support; and that it is important to discuss feelings with a trusted adult	strategies to improve or support courteous, respectful relationships R33. to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those whose traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different to their own R34. how to discuss and debate topical issues, respect other people's point of view and constructively challenge those they disagree with	
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Subject						
Topic Title	Voyagers	Vile Victorians	Amazing Australia	Extinct?	Over the Top!	Survival!
Science		Light	Living things and their	Evolution and Inheritance		
		Use the idea that light	habitats	Recognise that living		
		travels in straight lines	Animals including humans	things have changed over		
		to explain that objects	Describe how living things	time and that fossils		
		are seen because they	are classified into broad	provide information		
		give out or reflect light	groups according to	about living things that		
		into the eye Explain	common observable	inhabited the Earth		
		that we see things	characteristics and based	millions of years ago		
		because light travels	on similarities and	Recognise that living		
		from light sources to	differences, including	things produce offspring		
		our eyes or from light	micro- organisms, plants	of the same kind, but		
		sources to objects and	and animals	normally offspring vary		
		then to our eyes Use	Give reasons for classifying	and are not identical to		
		the idea that light	plants and animals based	their parents Identify how		
		travels in straight lines	on specific characteristics.	animals and plants are		
		to explain why shadows		adapted to suit their		
		have the same shape as		environment in different		
		the objects that cast		ways and that adaptation		
		them.		may lead to evolution.		
		Electricity Associate the				
		brightness of a lamp or				
		the volume of a buzzer				
		with the number and				
		voltage of cells used in				
		the circuit Compare and				
		give reasons for				
		variations in how				
		components function,				
		including the brightness				
		of bulbs, the loudness				
		of buzzers and the				
		on/off position of				
		switches Use				
		recognised symbols				
		when representing a				
		simple circuit in a				
		diagram. Recognise that				
		light appears to travel				



		in straight lines				
History		A local history study. A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066. Victorians		Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age.	A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066. WW1	
Geography	Locate the world's	Name and locate	Understand the physical			
3 - 7	countries, using maps to	counties and cities of	geography of different			
Map Skills - Name	focus on Europe, (including	the United Kingdom,	locations in Australia and			
and locate counties	location of Russia) and	geographical regions	the key landforms in these			
and cities of the	North and South America,	and their identifying	places.			
United Kingdom and	concentrating on their	human and physical	Focusing on the four major			
discover how to	environmental regions, key	characteristics, key	landform regions			
locate specific	physical and human	topographical features	discovering their key			
landmarks and	characteristics, countries,	and land-use patterns;	geographical features			
places through the	major cities.	and understand how	(island, plateau, lake,			
use of grid	To describe and understand	some of these aspects	gorge, desert, mountain			
references.	key aspects of human	have changed over time	ranges).			
Use OS map symbols	geography, economic activity including trade links,	Describe and understand key aspects	Pupils learn that climate affects where people live			
and the map key to	and the distribution of	of human geography,	and the characteristics of			
name physical and	natural resources including	economic activity	places in Australia.			
human features.	energy, food, minerals and	including trade links,	Understanding where			
	water in the context of	and the distribution of	Australians have come			
Interpret a range of	changing trade links.	natural resources	from, the term 'migration',			
sources of	Identify the position and	including energy, food,	and thinking about why			
geographical	significance of	minerals and water in	most people living in			
information,	latitude, longitude, Equator,	the context of changing	Australia live in coastal			
including maps and	Northern	trade links.	cities. Consider the physical			
aerial photographs.	Hemisphere, Southern		geography of the most			
Communicate	Hemisphere, the Tropics		populated parts of the			
geographical	of Cancer and Capricorn,		country and that coastal			
information through	Arctic and Antarctic		areas are more accessible			
maps. Use the eight	Circle, the Prime/Greenwich		for trade and travel.			
points of a compass	Meridian and time		Learning more about the			



and six-figure grid references, symbols and key to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom.	zones (including day and night) in the context of identifying and describing a range of places across the Americas. To use maps, atlases, globes and digital/ computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied in the context of North and South America. Use fieldwork to observe, measure and record the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs and digital technologies in the context of undertaking fieldwork to identify human and physical features of the local area.		political boundaries (states) of Australia and the population in Australia. Considering the physical geography of cities and physical features that attract people to these locations. Discovering why people choose to settle in specific places and the geographical characteristics of Australia's cities. Exploring the similarities and differences between a rural and urban area in Australia. Comparing and contrasting aspects of life in Australia to the UK. Discovering industry and employment characteristics of Australia, and comparing these with the UK. Comparing the daily lives of children living in rural and urban areas of Australia - considering the physical characteristics, including weather and how this impacts daily life.			
Computing	design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve	Retell story using Scratch. design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve	computer networks understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they	online safety understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities	Stop Motion select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a	Further online safety Importance of self-respect and how this affects thoughts about themselves



problems by	problems by	offer for	they offer for	range of	
decomposing them	decomposing them	communication and	communication and	programs,	
into smaller parts	into smaller parts	collaboration	collaboration	systems and	
			use search	content that	
use sequence,	use sequence,		technologies	accomplish given	
selection, and	selection, and		effectively,	goals, including	
repetition in program	· ·		appreciate how	collecting,	
work with variables	programs; work		results are selected	analysing,	ļ
and various forms of	with variables and		and ranked, and be	evaluating and	
input and output	various forms of		discerning in	presenting data	
use logical reasoning	input and output		evaluating digital	and information	
to explain how some	use logical		content	use search	
simple algorithms wo	_		select, use and	technologies	
and to detect and	explain how some		combine a variety of	effectively,	
correct errors in	simple algorithms		software (including	appreciate how	
algorithms and	work and to detect		internet services) on	results are	
programs	and correct errors		a range of digital	selected and	
programs	in algorithms and		devices to design	ranked, and be	
	programs		and create a range	discerning in	
	programs		of programs,	evaluating digital	
			systems and content	content	
			that accomplish		
			given goals,		
			including collecting,		
			analysing, evaluating		
			and presenting data		
			and information		
			use technology		
			safely, respectfully		
			and responsibly;		



Art	Improve mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay] Paul Klee –Expressionism piece Line and emotional colours (Paint and pastels) To create an expressionism piece based on their self-portrait using mood to explore their feelings and emotions about SATs/leaving primary school.	Identify great artists and how their work has impacted art today. William Morris - Victorian Art (Painting boxes and repetitive patterns) Joseph Wright — Looking at his use of light and shade.	Judy Watson Tarisse King Improve mastery of drawing, with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay] Draw with precision using different gradient pencils or other mediums for purposeful effect. Look at Wentworth galleries to recreate an image of their choosing. Justify the different tools used to create your piece of art.	recognise acceptable/unaccept able behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact Cave Art (oil pastels and scratching - discuss the purpose of art for cave men) Improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay.	to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay] Ww1 Propaganda Posters	To select their own medium (Poster paint, water colour, colour blocks,) of art work and improve their mastery of this skill. Hokusai – The Great Wave Off Kanagwa
DT	Making a Victorian Street generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately			Sewing Generate, develop, model and communicate his/her ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer aided designs. Use a wide range of methods to strengthen, stiffen and	Making soup Research, plan and prep dish, applying his/her kr and his/her technical sk series of healthy meals of a healthy and varied on food labels to inform he/she has done into fa inventors to inform the innovative products.	ills. Confidently plan a pased on the principles diet. Use information choices. Use research mous designers and



Music	· ·	ple, series circuits oulbs, buzzers and g of computing to ontrol their products.	n in solo and ensemble contexts,	reinforce complex structures and can use them accurately and appropriately. Apply his/her knowledge of materials and techniques to refine and rework his/her product to improve its functional properties and aesthetic qualities. Use technical knowledge and accurate skills to problem solve during the making process. Use his/her knowledge of famous designs to further explain the effectiveness of existing products and products he/she has made. using their voices and playing	g musical instruments with	n increasing accuracy,
Languages-French	fluency, control and expression A l'ecole (School) Engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help.	Healthy Lifestyles Present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences.	Le Week-end (The weekend) Broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary.	World War 2 Understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including masculine, feminine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-	Les Jeux Olympiques (Olympics) Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar	Irregular verbs Describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing.
PE	Gymnastics •develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance •perform dances using a range of movement patterns •compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best	Netball use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination play competitive games, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending develop flexibility, strength, technique,	NFL use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance	frequency verbs. Ultimate Frisbee use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic	words and phrases. Athletics use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate	Cricket use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination play competitive games, modified where appropriate, and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending



		control and balance		principles suitable for attacking and defending develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance	improvement to achieve their personal best	develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best
RE	How do people know who or what to believe?	What do people believe about good, evil and suffering?	How do people choose between right and wrong?	What do people believe about caring for the world and others?	What is my religion and	worldview?
Behaviour and Safety	RESPECT – Lesson 7 Democracy and the Rule of Law	Bullying – Awareness of types of bullying, what it is and how to stop it – posters for around the school.	Online Safety focus Healthy/unhealthy relationships 'Alright Charlie' video	RESPECT – Lesson 6 Being British	Healthy living – peer pressure and avoiding drugs and alcohol	Transition work – how do I make friends at secondary school? What should I look for in a friend?
PSHE	H16. about strategies and behaviours that support mental health — including how good quality sleep, physical exercise/time outdoors, being involved in community groups, doing things for others, clubs, and activities, hobbies and spending time with family and friends can support mental health and wellbeing H17. to recognise that feelings can change over time and range in intensity	R1. to recognise that there are different types of relationships (e.g. friendships, family relationships, romantic relationships, online relationships) R22. about privacy and personal boundaries; what is appropriate in friendships and wider relationships (including online); R25. recognise	L11. recognise ways in which the internet and social media can be used both positively and negatively L12. how to assess the reliability of sources of information online; and how to make safe, reliable choices from search results L13. about some of the different ways information and data is shared and used online, including for commercial purposes L14. about how information	L19. that people's spending decisions can affect others and the environment (e.g. Fair trade, buying single-use plastics, or giving to charity) L20. to recognise that people make spending decisions based on priorities, needs and wants L21. different ways to keep track of money L26. that there is a broad range of different jobs/careers that people can have; that people	H46. about the risks and effects of legal drugs common to everyday life (e.g. cigarettes, e-cigarettes/vaping, alcohol and medicines) and their impact on health; recognise that drug use can become a habit which can be difficult to break H47. to recognise that there are laws surrounding the use of legal drugs and that	H20. strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings; how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and proportionately in different situations H21. to recognise warning signs about mental health and wellbeing and how to seek support for themselves and others
	signs about mental health	different types of	on the internet is ranked,	often have more than one	some drugs are illegal	H23. about change



ALLAM						
see and R32 diff bet rec in c phy	d wellbeing and how to ek support for themselves d others 12. about respecting the fferences and similarities tween people and cognising what they have common with others e.g. sysically, in personality or ickground	physical contact; what is acceptable and unacceptable; strategies to respond to unwanted physical contact R26. about seeking and giving permission (consent) in different situations R27. about keeping something confidential or secret, when this should (e.g. a birthday surprise that others will find out about) or should not be agreed to, and when it is right to break a confidence or share a secret R28. how to recognise pressure from others to do something unsafe or that makes them feel uncomfortable and strategies for managing this R29. where to get advice and report concerns if worried about their own or someone else's	selected and targeted at specific individuals and groups; that connected devices can share information L15. recognise things appropriate to share and things that should not be shared on social media; rules surrounding distribution of images L16. about how text and images in the media and on social media can be manipulated or invented; strategies to evaluate the reliability of sources and identify misinformation	career/type of job during their life L28. about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career (e.g. personal interests and values, family connections to certain trades or businesses, strengths and qualities, ways in which stereotypical assumptions can deter people from aspiring to certain jobs) L29. that some jobs are paid more than others and money is one factor which may influence a person's job or career choice; that people may choose to do voluntary work which is unpaid L30. about some of the skills that will help them in their future careers e.g. teamwork, communication and negotiation L31. to identify the kind of job that they might like to do when they are older L32. to recognise a variety of routes into careers (e.g. college, apprenticeship, university)	to own, use and give to others H48. about why people choose to use or not use drugs (including nicotine, alcohol and medicines); 49. about the mixed messages in the media about drugs, including alcohol and smoking/vaping H50. about the organisations that can support people concerning alcohol, tobacco and nicotine or other drug use; people they can talk to if they have concerns H11. how to maintain good oral hygiene (including correct brushing and flossing); why regular visits to the dentist are essential; the impact of lifestyle choices on dental care (e.g. sugar consumption/acidic drinks such as fruit juices. smoothies and	and loss, including death, and how these can affect feelings; ways of expressing and managing grief and bereavement H24. problem-solving strategies for dealing with emotions, challenges and change, including the transition to new schools H26. that for some people gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex H33. about the processes of reproduction and birth as part of the human life cycle; how babies are conceived and born (and that there are ways to prevent a baby being made); how babies need to be cared for¹ H34. about where to get more information, help and advice about growing and changing.
		advice and report concerns if worried		careers (e.g. college, apprenticeship,	of lifestyle choices on dental care (e.g. sugar consumption/acidic	get more information, help and
						manage transitions between classes and



			key stages
			R2. that people may
			be attracted to someone
			emotionally,
			romantically and sexually; that people
			may be attracted to
			someone of the same
			sex or different sex to them; that gender
			identity and sexual
			orientation are different